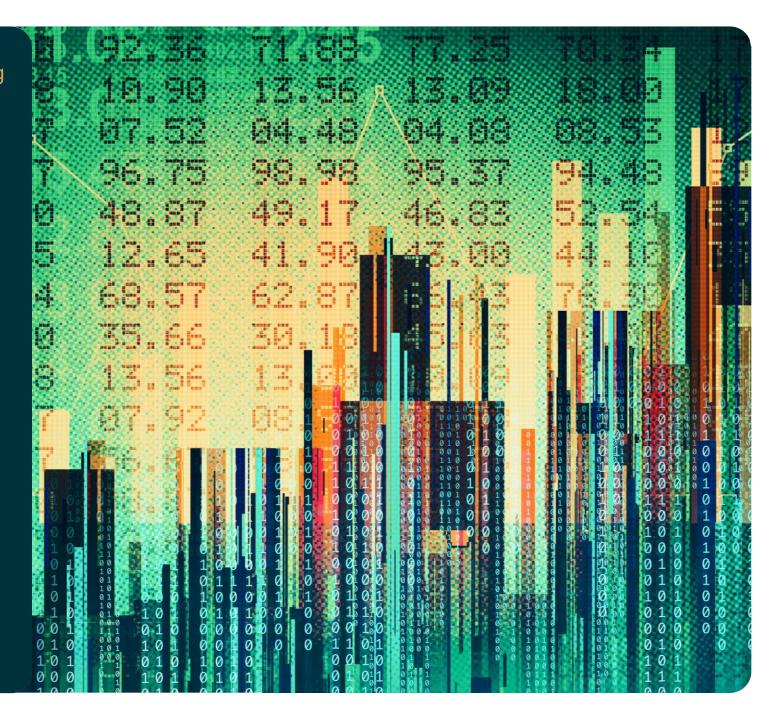




## Weekly Markets Monitor

29 September 2025

All data as of most recent Friday close unless otherwise stated

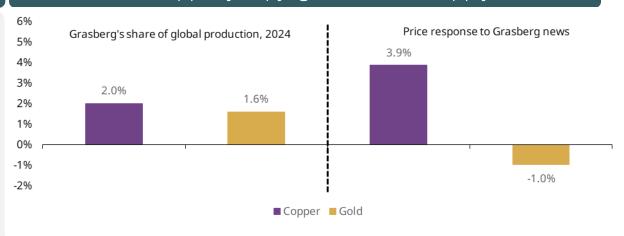


## What you need to know – Grinding higher

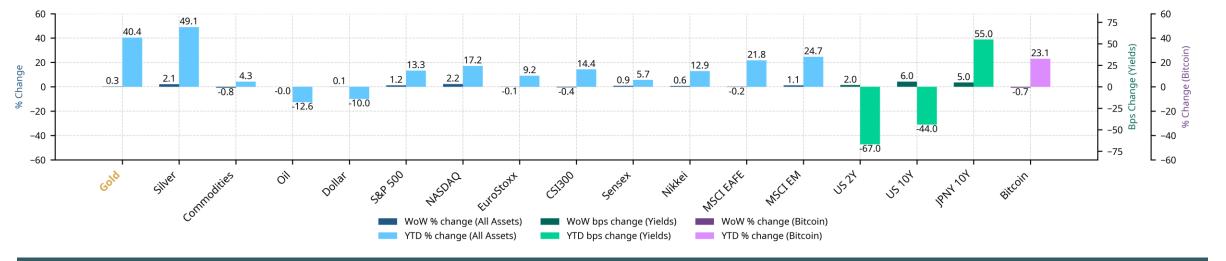
### Highlights

- Last week saw a mixed bag of PMI data: US, UK and India all softer but all remain in expansion territory. Eurozone PMIs were a little brighter, hitting a 16-month high. In the US, equity and bond markets were irked by hawkish tones from Fed members.
- Global equities saw divergent performances US stocks pulled back slightly while EU and Asia saw mild gains. US Treasury yields rose and the dollar strengthened. Oil ticked up sharply; and gold continued its grind higher for the sixth week in a row, setting another record high.
- The **tragic incident at Grasberg**, the world's second largest gold mine, attracted attention for its regrettable loss of life and impact to operations. The disruption is estimated to lower its copper and gold output by 35% in 2026. The news had **no impact on the gold price compared to copper**, highlighting that most commodities are primarily supply stories, while gold helped by its vast above-ground stocks that dampen supply disruptions is primarily a demand story.

### C.O.T.W – copper jumpy, gold calm on supply shock



Based on Grasberg's 2024 copper and gold production, global copper and gold production as well as the intraday moves from 1pm to 6pm GMT on 24 September 2025. Source: Metals Focus, Bloomberg, World Gold Council



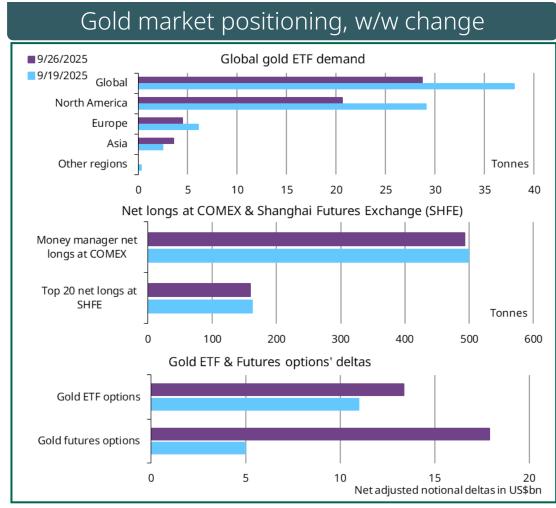
### All about Gold

### The week in review

- Gold rose for the fifth consecutive week. The LBMA Gold Price PM jumped 2.9% to US\$3,769.9/oz, extending its y-t-d gain to a stunning 44.5%, outpacing major global assets.
- Last week, risk and uncertainty (+1%), stemming from elevated geopolitical tensions and financial market volatilities, supported the gold price (p11).
- Investor interest in gold ETFs remained elevated, North America again led the charge. Futures net longs remained stable. And option traders' bullish positioning kept building (p22).
- **Gold** has risen to just shy of the US\$3,800/oz barrier and stays seen on course for its technical "triangle" resistance at US\$3,840/oz (p6 & appendix).

### The week ahead

- **Geopolitical risks** may continue to be a key factor impacting the gold price. The US Defense (War) Secretary abruptly summoned top US military officers to a base in Virginia for a meeting this week. While the motives remain unclear, shifting geopolitical risks seem to be on the cards.
- Labour market conditions are now closely watched. Investors expect September payrolls may have added a breakeven ~50k, better than August' 22k. Combined with robust economic data, the market may start to price in less rate cuts ahead.
- Nonetheless, there is a risk that Friday's payroll report may not be released on time the Democrats and Republicans are working on a resolution to avoid **a government shutdown** on 1 October but so far there have not been any signs.



See appendix for details of gold market option activity.



### Last week in review

### US: Hawkish Fed speeches as PMIs soften but PCE inflation stays lofty

- A number of Fed officials delivered a hawkish sting las week. Powell cited the economy's 'challenging situation' and mentioned 'highly valued' equities. Bostic (Atlanta Fed) and Musalem (St. Louis Fed) raised persistent inflation as an ongoing concern
- September PMIs from S&P Global were slightly lower but better than expected. Both manufacturing (52) and Services (53.9) remain in expansion territory.
- Core PCE, the Fed's preferred inflation measure, was in line with the previous month and remains at a reasonably lofty 2.9%
- US housing saw a bounce in new and existing home sales, and personal income and saving rose and beat expectations, adding some positivity to last week's data.

### Europe: Swedens Riksbank drops rates, Eurozone confidence mixed

- The Swiss National Bank (SNB) held its key interest rate at zero, while Sweden's Riksbank lowered its policy rate a quarter point to 1.75%
- Eurozone PMIs hit a 16-month high of 51.2 in September, led by Services growth. But in the UK, both manufacturing and Services PMIs dropped, joined by lacklustre business confidence readings ahead of the budget.
- In Germany consumer confidence ticked up (GfK) while business sentiment (IFO) slumped.



### China: Quiet week allows equities to grind higher

• No data was released last week, allowing improved risk appetite to push equity indices higher

### Japan: A welcome softer CPI print but BoJ Minutes showed hawkish tilt remains

- A softer than expected Tokyo inflation number, allayed concerns that the BoJ might hike in the near future but Minutes showed that the bank remains ready to tackle inflation
- Japanese pharma stocks took a knock as US tariffs targeted the sector

### India: PMIs soften but remain solid, RBI mulling hold or cut

- Both manufacturing and services PMIs came in slightly softer last week but remain firmly in expansionary territory
- The RBI started its policy deliberation that will conclude this week. Hold is consensus but some argue for a cut on benign inflation

### The week ahead

### Bloomberg consensus expectations

Rel         Where         What         actual         Mon         Tue         Wed         Thu           99.3         US         Change in Nonfarm Payrolls         22.0         48.7         49.0         49.0         95.3         US         ISM Manufacturing         48.7         49.0         49.0         96.0         97.4         96.0         91.9         91.9         96.0         97.4         96.0         96.0         97.4         96.0         96.0         97.4         96.0         96.0         97.4         96.0         96.0         97.4         96.0         96.0         97.4         96.0         96.0         97.4         96.0         97.4         96.0         96.0         97.4         96.0	Fri 50.0 4.3 51.7
95.3 US SM Manufacturing 48.7 49.0 92.6 US ADP Employment Change 54.0 50.0 91.9 US Conf. Board Consumer Confidence 97.4 96.0 91.3 US Durable Goods Orders 2.9 2.9 2.9 90.0 US S&P Global US Manufacturing PMI 52.0 52.0 89.4 US Unemployment Rate 4.3 85.9 US Factory Orders -1.3 1.4 83.2 US ISM Services Index 52.0 82.6 US MNI Chicago PMI 41.5 43.3 80.5 US Construction Spending MoM 77.9 US Pending Home Sales MoM -0.4 0.0	4.3
92.6       US       ADP Employment Change       54.0       50.0         91.9       US       Conf. Board Consumer Confidence       97.4       96.0         91.3       US       Durable Goods Orders       2.9       2.9         90.0       US       S&P Global US Manufacturing PMI       52.0       52.0         89.4       US       Unemployment Rate       4.3         85.9       US       Factory Orders       -1.3       1.4         83.2       US       ISM Services Index       52.0         82.6       US       MNI Chicago PMI       41.5       43.3         80.5       US       Construction Spending MoM       -0.1       -0.1         77.9       US       Pending Home Sales MoM       -0.4       0.0	
91.9       US       Conf. Board Consumer Confidence       97.4       96.0         91.3       US       Durable Goods Orders       2.9       2.9         90.0       US       S&P Global US Manufacturing PMI       52.0       52.0         89.4       US       Unemployment Rate       4.3         85.9       US       Factory Orders       -1.3       1.4         83.2       US       ISM Services Index       52.0         82.6       US       MNI Chicago PMI       41.5       43.3         80.5       US       Construction Spending MoM       -0.1       -0.1         77.9       US       Pending Home Sales MoM       -0.4       0.0	
91.3 US Durable Goods Orders 90.0 US S&P Global US Manufacturing PMI 52.0 89.4 US Unemployment Rate 4.3 85.9 US Factory Orders -1.3 83.2 US ISM Services Index 82.6 US MNI Chicago PMI 41.5 80.5 US Construction Spending MoM -0.1 77.9 US Pending Home Sales MoM -0.4 0.0	
90.0 US	
89.4       US       Unemployment Rate       4.3         85.9       US       Factory Orders       -1.3         83.2       US       ISM Services Index       52.0         82.6       US       MNI Chicago PMI       41.5       43.3         80.5       US       Construction Spending MoM       -0.1       -0.1         77.9       US       Pending Home Sales MoM       -0.4       0.0	
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83.2       US       ISM Services Index       52.0         82.6       US       MNI Chicago PMI       41.5       43.3         80.5       US       Construction Spending MoM       -0.1       -0.1         77.9       US       Pending Home Sales MoM       -0.4       0.0	51.7
82.6       US       MNI Chicago PMI       41.5       43.3         80.5       US       Construction Spending MoM       -0.1       -0.1         77.9       US       Pending Home Sales MoM       -0.4       0.0	51.7
80.5 US Construction Spending MoM -0.1 -0.1 77.9 US Pending Home Sales MoM -0.4 0.0	
77.9 US Pending Home Sales MoM -0.4 0.0	
75.8 US ISM Prices Paid 63.7 62.5	
75.3 CN Manufacturing PMI 49.4 49.6	
73.7 CN Caixin China PMI Mfg 50.5 <b>50.2</b>	
73.0 US Durables Ex Transportation 0.4 -	
72.0 EZ HCOB Eurozone Manufacturing PMI 49.5	
71.1 US FHFA House Price Index MoM -0.2 -0.1	
70.0 US S&P Global US Composite PMI 53.6	-
70.0 US S&P Global US Services PMI 53.9	53.9
69.5 US Change in Manufact. Payrolls -12.0	-9.0
69.2 DE CPI YOY 2.2 <b>2.3</b>	
69.2 JP Industrial Production MoM -1.2 -0.9	
68.6 EZ CPI MoM 0.1 0.1	
68.4 JP Jobless Rate 2.3	2.4
67.5 DE HCOB Germany Manufacturing PMI 48.5 48.5	
66.4 US Dallas Fed Manf. Activity -1.8 -1.6	
66.4 US Dallas Fed Manf. Activity -1.8 -1.6	
63.0 JP Jibun Bank Japan PMI Mfg 48.4 -	
63.0 IN HSBC India PMI Mfg 58.5 -	

Source: Bloomberg ECO function, data selected using weighting algorithm for relevance scores, US has 100% weighting, China, and Europe have 80%

### Things to look out for...

### US

- Job market data will be a focus this week. JOLTS job openings (Tue) may have declined in August based on the consensus expectations while jobless claims (Thu) likely rose last week. Non-farm payrolls in September (Fri) are expected to rise to around 50k (vs 22k in Aug) thanks to rising hirings from the service sector.
- ISM manufacturing PMI (Wed) is likely to show declining demand and softer prices in September as regional Fed surveys showed similar patterns. And the ISM service PMI (Fri) could stay stable.

### Europe

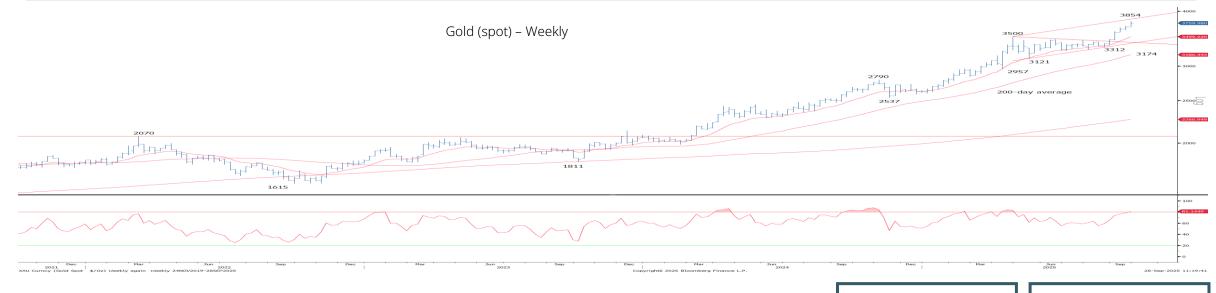
• The Euro-area inflation (Wed) in September might have accelerated – the core inflation is expected to rise to 2.4% y/y (vs 2.3% in Aug), likely supported by higher transport costs.

### Asia

- The official manufacturing PMI (Tue) may stay in the contraction area in September, impacted by extreme weather conditions and weakening policy support. Meanwhile, the service PMI is likely to show continued but slowed expansion as summer travel ended.
- The Reserve Bank of Australia is expected to keep rates unchanged on Tuesday the elevated inflation pressure and the tight labour market justify the central bank's pause in easing.
- The Reserve Bank of India may deliver a 25bps cut on Wednesday based on Bloomberg's expectations, as the US Fed's cut gave more room and inflation stays subdued.

### Gold technicals

### Gold stays seen on course for its "triangle" resistance at US\$3,840/oz



Gold pushed higher again last week, even in the face of a stronger USD and higher US Real Yields (see appendix) to leave the market on the cusp of the psychological US\$3,800/oz barrier. We see no technical reason not to look for a break above here with resistance then seen next at the top of its potential trend channel from April and technical "triangle" resistance at US\$3,840/oz - US\$3,854/oz. With daily RSI momentum not confirming the latest highs and with weekly and monthly RSI momentum seen highly overstretched we would start to turn more cautious on the uptrend here. We would note though that the "typical" historical overbought extreme – 25% above the 40-week average – is still seen higher at US\$3,983/oz.

Net long positioning continues to rise, but it is not seen at an extreme and not (as yet) a potential barrier to the uptrend extending further.

Below support at US\$3,684/oz would be seen to ease the immediate upside bias to warn of a setback, but with good supports seen next at US\$3,628/oz – US\$3,614/oz.

### Resistance:

- 3791/3800\*\*
- 3825
- 3840/3854\*\*
- 3900\*
- 3983\*\*

### Support:

- 3718
- 3684\*
- 3628/3614\*
- 3580
- 3560

Resistance/Support tables rank objective importance of levels by stars \*, \*\*, to \*\*\* being the most important.

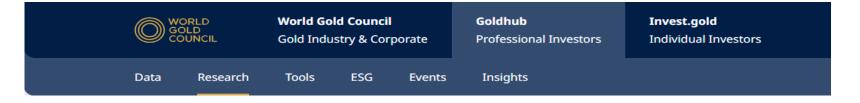
## Market performance and positioning

		Asset Pe	rformance			Positioning an	d Flo	ows				
Asset	Friday close	W/W % chg	Y-t-d % chg	W/W Z-score	Wk corr	W/W corr Δ	Net long s		52w z-score	Fo	orward returns 4w	s: % above/below 12w
Gold	3,663.2	0.33	40.40	-0.18	1.00	0.00	19%	prior 20%	-0.73		59%	60%
Commodities and FX												
Silver	43.1	2.13	49.07	0.25	0.73	0.11	19%	20%	0.13		55%	63%
Commodities	103.0	-0.79	4.27	-0.34	0.38	0.01	-8%	-9%	-1.25		50%	50%
Oil	62.7	-0.02	-12.60	0.06	0.11	0.17	2%	1%	-1.61		42%	48%
Dollar	97.6	0.10	-9.99	0.37	-0.54	-0.09	-16%	8%	-0.57		50%	48%
Equities												
S&P 500	6,664.4	1.22	13.31	0.20	0.12	-0.09	-14%	-15%	-1.47		49%	58%
NASDAQ	22,631.5	2.21	17.20	0.35	0.05	-0.16	-5%	-6%	0.96		48%	49%
EuroStoxx	554.1	-0.13	9.16	-0.44	0.28	0.21			·			
CSI300	4,501.9	-0.44	14.41	0.50	0.17	0.22						
Sensex	82,626.2	0.88	5.74	0.37	-0.03	-0.08						
Nikkei	45,045.8	0.62	12.91	0.20	-0.19	-0.18	11%	11%	0.87		45%	43%
MSCI EAFE	2,753.7	-0.19	21.75	-0.26	0.47	0.15	-1%	-2%	0.11		46%	48%
MSCI EM	1,340.9	1.15	24.68	0.25	0.26	-0.04	8%	13%	1.45		46%	43%
Fixed income												
US 2y*	3.6	0.02	-0.67	0.25	-0.27	0.18	51%	51%	1.10		49%	43%
US 10y*	4.1	0.06	-0.44	0.48	-0.39	-0.04	40%	42%	0.34		52%	51%
JPNY 10y*	1.6	0.05	0.55	0.48	-0.05	0.00						
Other												
Bitcoin	115,389.4	-0.74	23.13	-0.50	0.00	-0.16	-54%	-52%	0.08		49%	43%

## Key Resources

### Goldhub

Tools for Professional Investors.



### **Key Recent Research and Insights:**

Gold Demand Trends: Q2 2025 Gold Mid-Year Outlook

The Portfolio Continuum: Rethinking Gold in Alternatives Investing 2025 Chinese gold jewellery consumer insights: Opportunities in the slowdown Why Gold in 2025?

Monthly Gold Market Commentary
Monthly Gold ETF Flows Commentary
Central Bank Gold Statistics
Monthly Chinese Gold Market Update
Monthly Indian Gold Market Update

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### **GRAM**

Gain a deeper understanding of the relationship between the gold price and its key drivers with our Gold Return Attribution Model (GRAM).

### **Qaurum**<sup>SM</sup>

Determine gold's implied returns under a range of scenarios. Our interactive, web-based tool makes understanding gold's performance easier and more intuitive.

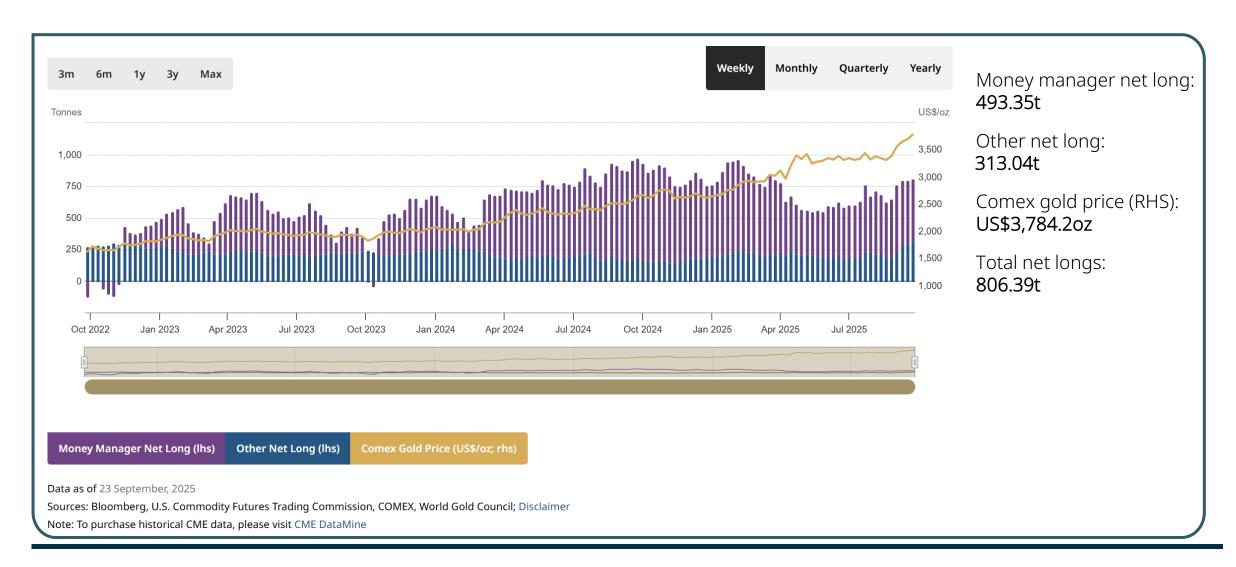
### **GLTER**

Gold's Long-Term Expected Return. Setting out a framework to account for Gold's contribution to portfolio returns.



## Appendix 1

## COMEX positioning (tonnes)



## Gold Return Attribution Model (GRAM)



The model is based on analysis of XAU in USD.

## Gold Drivers – The USD extends its consolidation above major supports



The USD/DXY is rebounding again after essentially holding major support from its uptrend from 2011 and July y-t-d low at 96.83 and 96.37 respectively to keep the market in it's range from July. With weekly MACD momentum continuing to trend higher (lower panel above) and with near-term resistance at 98.05/10 broken the immediate prospect looks for this consolidation/recovery to continue. Resistance is seen next at 99.32, ahead of the 100.26 high August, with the falling 200-day average, now at 101.71 expected to cap strength should the recovery extend this far. Big picture though with the market capped at the "neckline" to its large top we remain of the view this consolidation remains a temporary pause ahead of an eventual clear and sustained break to new lows for the year and below its long-term uptrend.

## Gold Drivers –10yr US Real Yields are rebounding again from key two-year range support



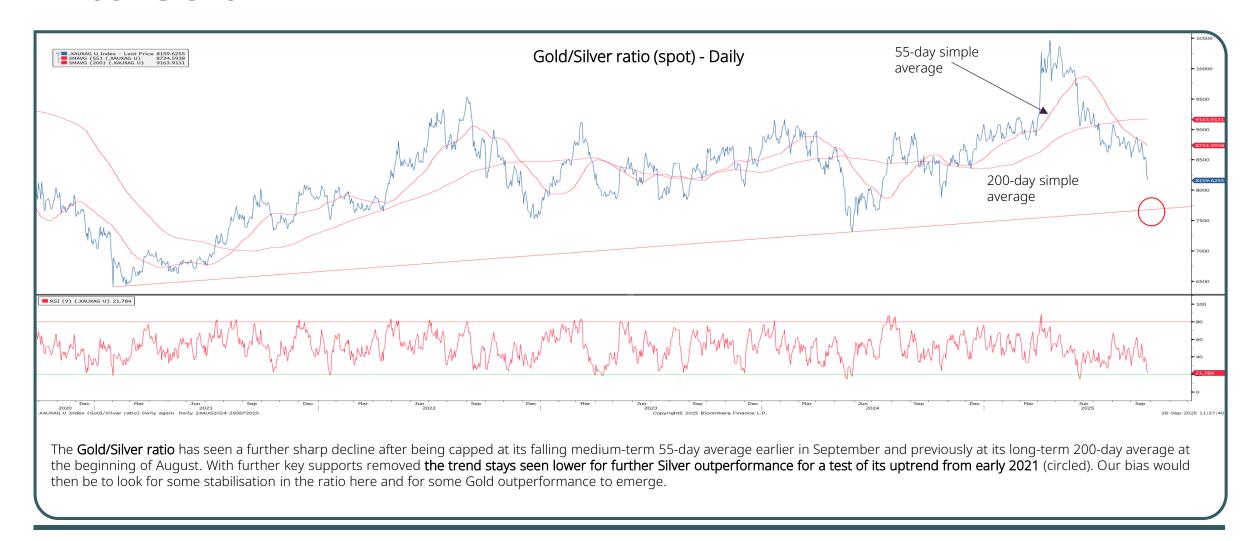
10yr US Real Yields are also rebounding as suspected after again holding important support at the lower end of the long-term two-year range at 1.61/1.59%. Immediate resistance is seen from the falling 55-day average, now at 1.85% and we would look for this to try and cap for a retest of 1.61/1.59%. Only a break below 1.59% though would in our view mark the completion of a major yield top, with the next meaningful yield support not seen until 1.12/1.02% - the 2023 yield low and 38.2% Fibonacci retracement of the November-2021/October-2023 rise in yields. Above 1.85% would be seen to ease pressure off the 1.61/1.59% major support with resistance then seen next at the 38.2% retracement of the April/September fall in yields at 1.92%.

## Silver is approaching its \$49.804 all-time-high from 2011...



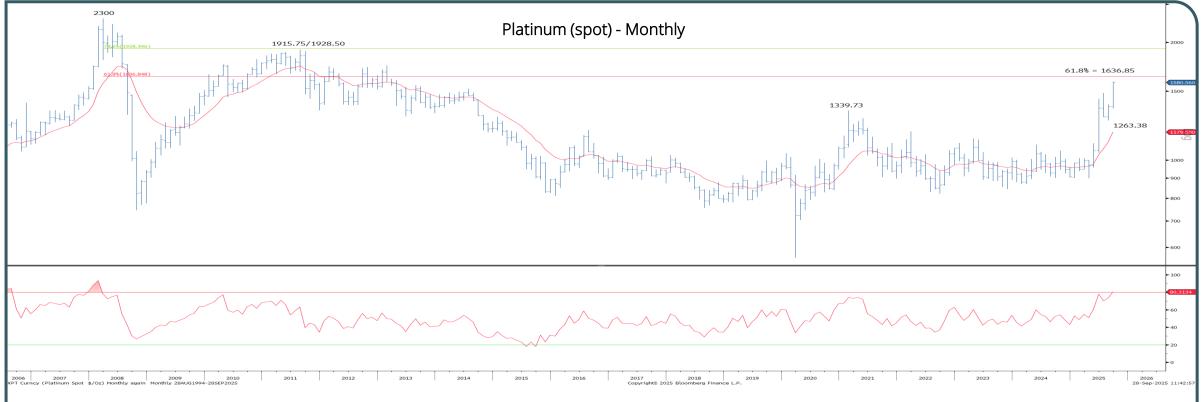
Silver has surged higher again following its brief pullback for a break with ease above resistance at the \$44.217 high of August 2011 to leave the market on course to test its \$49.804 record high. Whilst this should clearly be respected, again we see no technical reason why new record highs cannot be posted in due course. Above the psychological \$50.00 barrier and we would see resistance next at \$51.50. We would note that monthly RSI momentum is now in overbought territory and is at its highest levels since 2010 and 2011 (lower panel above) to warn the trend is getting overstretched, but this would only be of concern once momentum starts to fall back out of overbought territory.

## ...and further extends its outperformance relative to Gold





## Platinum has also surged higher again, resuming its core uptrend

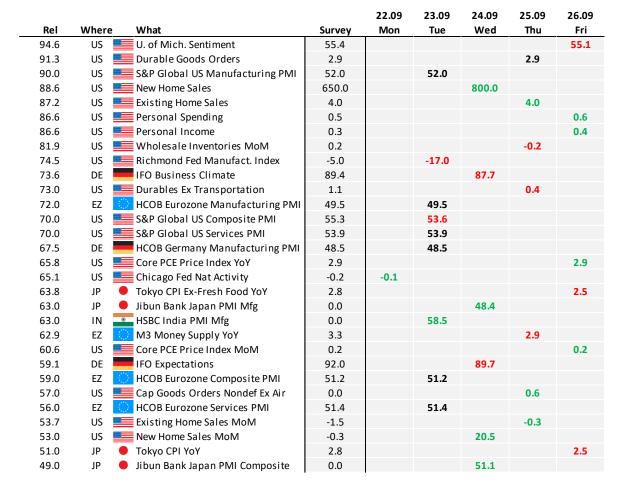


Platinum has also posted a strong week after completing a "triangle" continuation pattern for a resumption of its core uptrend to leave the market approaching next resistance at the 61.8% Fibonacci retracement of the entire 2008/2020 bear market at \$1636.85. With monthly RSI momentum now approaching overbought territory we would be wary of a fresh pause here. However, with key resistance from the \$1339.73 high of 2021 removed we see no technical reason not to look for a break higher in due course with resistance then seen next at the 2011 highs and 78.6% Fibonacci retracement at \$1915.75/\$1928.50.

## Key Technical data

	Last	YTD High	YTD Low	55-day sma	200-day sma	9-week RSI
Gold	\$3760	\$3791	\$2615	\$3465	\$3174	81.14%
Silver	46.08	46.63	28.35	39.70	34.73	87.36%
DXY	98.15	110.18	96.22	98.07	101.71	45.73%
US 10yr Yield	4.18%	4.81%	3.86%	4.25%	4.36%	43.57%
US 2yr Yield	3.64%	4.42%	3.43%	3.71%	3.94%	42.72%
S&P 500	6644	6700	4835	6442	6015	74.51%
Nasdaq 100	24504	24782	16542	23590	21605	73.64%
Euro STOXX 600	555	565	464	550	539	56.87%
Nikkei 225	45355	45853	30793	42278	39091	80.00%
CSI 300	4550	4614	3514	4298	3997	80.85%
Brent Crude	\$70.13	\$82.63	\$58.40	\$68.03	\$70.09	56.16%
XBT	109,388	124,481	74,425	114,152	104,110	47.90%
					RSI levels in red highlight o	verbought/oversold extremes

## Last week's ECO data, and surprises



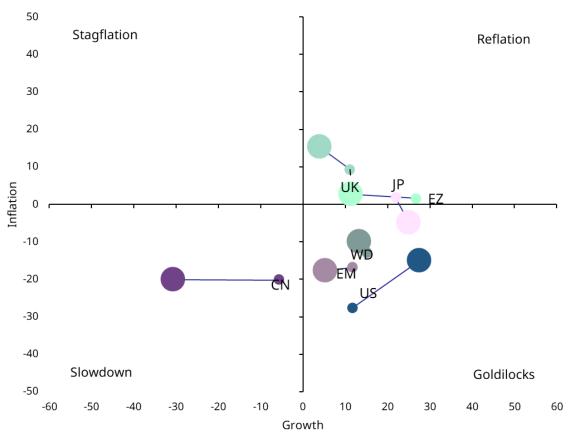


Table shows data releases from Bloomberg with colour denoting actual vs expected by Bloomberg contributor estimates (e.g green: actual beat survey expectations) Source: Bloomberg, World Gold Council

Chart shows the intersection of economic and inflation data surprises with the 3m mov avg of surprises as a small dot and the latest Friday reading as a large dot. Source: Bloomberg, World Gold Council

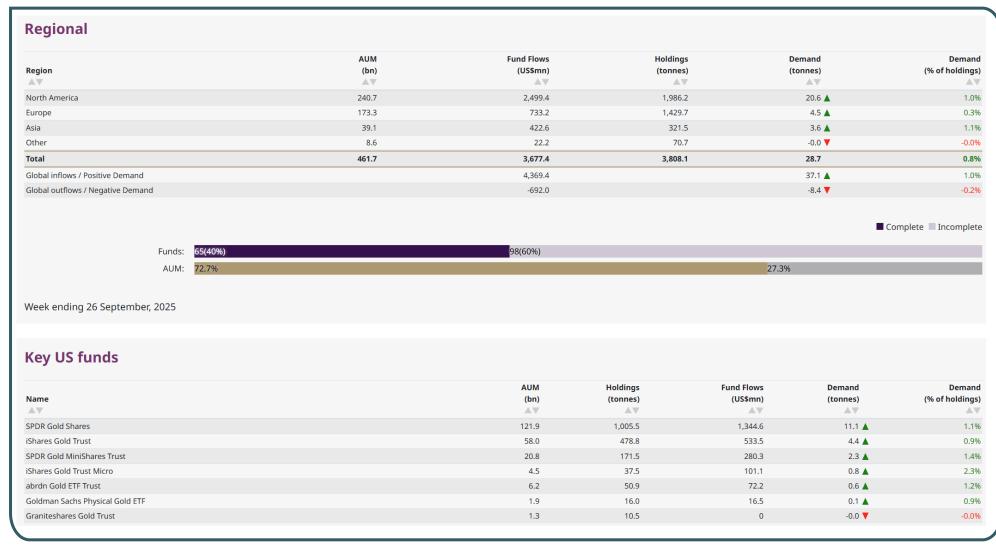


## Weekly COMEX futures positioning data

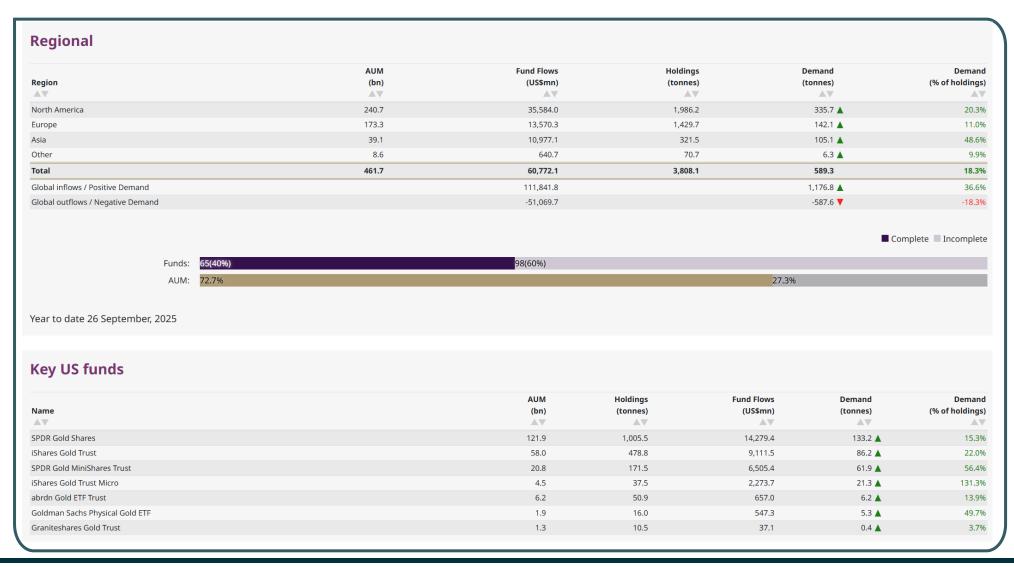
	Prod	ucer		Positions			Changes				Sw	ар		Posit	tions		Changes			
Date	Long	Short	Net ton	mm	US\$bn	mm	Net ton Δ	m/m Δ	US\$bn ∆	m/m Δ	Long	Short	Net ton	mm	US\$bn	mm	Net ton Δ	m/m Δ	US\$bn Δ	m/m Δ
08/07/25	106.0	230.3	-124.3		-\$13.2				0.0		109.3	704.6	-595.3		-\$63.2				0.0	
15/07/25	111.4	233.7	-122.3		-\$13.1		2.0		0.1		104.6	739.6	-635.0		-\$67.9		-39.6		-4.7	
22/07/25	108.6	243.1	-134.6		-\$14.8		-12.3		-1.8		98.0	820.4	-722.4		-\$79.7		-87.4		-11.8	
29/07/25	95.7	229.0	-133.3	-133.3	-\$14.3	-\$14.3	1.3	-9.0	0.6	-\$1.1	116.6	773.5	-656.9	-656.9	-\$70.3	-\$70.3	65.5	-61.6	9.4	-\$7.1
05/08/25	133.8	218.6	-84.8		-\$9.2		48.5		5.0		105.0	840.4	-735.4		-\$79.9		-78.4		-9.7	
12/08/25	93.1	195.5	-102.3		-\$11.0		-17.5		-1.8		107.5	801.6	-694.1		-\$74.7		41.3		5.2	
19/08/25	91.5	194.9	-103.4		-\$11.0		-1.1		0.0		121.5	768.8	-647.3		-\$69.0		46.8		5.7	
26/08/25	83.4	202.9	-119.5	-119.5	-\$13.0	-\$13.0	-16.1	13.8	-2.0	\$1.2	140.2	789.9	-649.7	-649.7	-\$70.9	-\$70.9	-2.4	7.3	-1.9	-\$0.6
02/09/25	90.2	247.6	-157.4		-\$17.9		-37.9		-4.8		137.7	816.7	-679.0		-\$77.1		-29.3		-6.2	
09/09/25	99.9	279.3	-179.5		-\$20.9		-22.1		-3.0		133.1	783.9	-650.7		-\$75.9		28.2		1.3	
16/09/25	112.2	289.8	-177.5		-\$21.1		1.9		-0.1		129.5	861.1	-731.5		-\$86.8		-80.8		-10.9	
Contracts	36,076	93,158	-57,082				614				41,644	276,835	-235,191				-25,989			

Report	Manage	d Money		Posi	tions			Cha	nges		Oth	ner		Posit	ions			Cha	nges	
Date	Long	Short	Net ton	mm	US\$bn	mm	Net ton Δ	m/m Δ	US\$bn ∆	m/m Δ	Long	Short	Net ton	mm	US\$bn	mm	Net ton Δ	m/m Δ	US\$bn Δ	m/m Δ
08/07/25	528.2	108.8	419.4		\$44.5				0.0		246.9	64.0	182.9		\$19.4				0.0	
15/07/25	554.5	107.6	446.8		\$47.8		27.4		3.2		249.2	62.2	186.9		\$20.0		4.1		0.6	
22/07/25	636.1	104.7	531.5		\$58.6		84.6		10.9		309.6	78.2	231.5		\$25.5		44.5		5.6	
29/07/25	555.0	110.7	444.3	444.3	\$47.5	\$47.5	-87.2	24.9	-11.1	\$3.0	293.9	62.7	231.2	231.2	\$24.7	\$24.7	-0.2	48.3	-0.8	\$5.3
05/08/25	600.2	96.9	503.3		\$54.7		59.0		7.2		281.6	68.8	212.8		\$23.1		-18.5		-1.6	
12/08/25	585.2	105.5	479.7		\$51.6		-23.6		-3.1		281.0	74.7	206.3		\$22.2		-6.5		-0.9	
19/08/25	552.3	111.4	440.9		\$47.0		-38.8		-4.6		262.5	75.5	187.0		\$19.9		-19.3		-2.3	
26/08/25	564.1	103.4	460.7	460.7	\$50.3	\$50.3	19.8	16.4	3.3	\$2.7	272.4	80.7	191.6	191.6	\$20.9	\$20.9	4.7	-39.6	1.0	-\$3.8
02/09/25	627.7	102.4	525.2		\$59.7		64.5		9.4		339.5	104.5	235.1		\$26.7		43.4		5.8	
09/09/25	619.9	102.3	517.6		\$60.4		-7.6		0.7		362.8	86.2	276.6		\$32.3		41.6		5.6	
16/09/25	601.1	101.9	499.2		\$59.2		-18.5		-1.1		372.4	75.1	297.3		\$35.3		20.7		3.0	
Contracts	193,240	32,757	160,483				-5,934				119,733	24,138	95,595				6,661			

## Weekly ETF Flows



### Year-to-date ETF Flows



## Gold market trading volumes

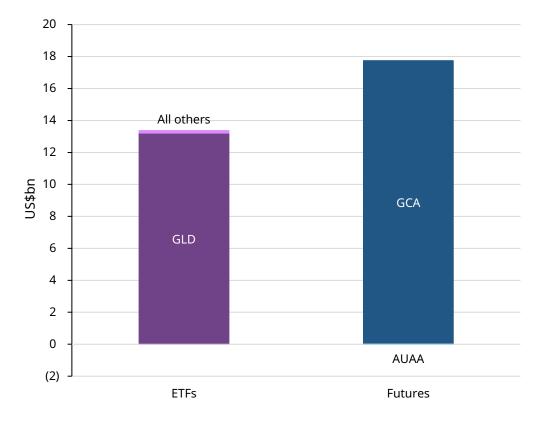
	FY 2024	YTD AUG 2025	MAY 2025	JUN 2025	JUL 2025	AUG 2025
отс		113 133 2323	MAN 2023	JUN 2025	,011015	7100 2020
+ LBMA	113.49	146.41	145.98	133.02	136.41	155.65
+ Non-LBMA (Mid)	6.36	7.32	7.3	6.65	6.82	7.78
+ Shanghai Gold Exchange	7.85	10.09	10.54	11.08	9.63	7.97
Total OTC	127.7	163.82	163.82	150.74	152.86	171.4
Exchanges						
+ сомех	72.38	96.38	114.79	84.35	97.28	82.97
Shanghai Futures Exchange	24.03	46.05	67.4	41.39	33.79	25.11
Shanghai Gold Exchange	2.01	3.33	4.43	3.48	2.71	2.29
All other exchanges	3.8	4.25	5.01	4.38	3.67	3.45
Total Exchanges	102.23	150.01	191.63	133.6	137.45	113.82
Gold ETFs						
North America	2.28	4.19	4.71	4.49	3.93	3.65
Europe	0.3	0.38	0.4	0.36	0.32	0.29
Asia	0.32	0.85	1.37	0.94	0.66	0.55
Other	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.02	0.03
Total gold ETFs	2.91	5.45	6.51	5.82	4.94	4.51
Total						
Global gold market liquidity	232.83	319.28	361.96	290.17	295.24	289.73



# Appendix 2 Options market summary

## Gold options delta adjusted notional

### Delta adjusted notional set to expire



## Active monthly options net delta adjusted notional set to expire

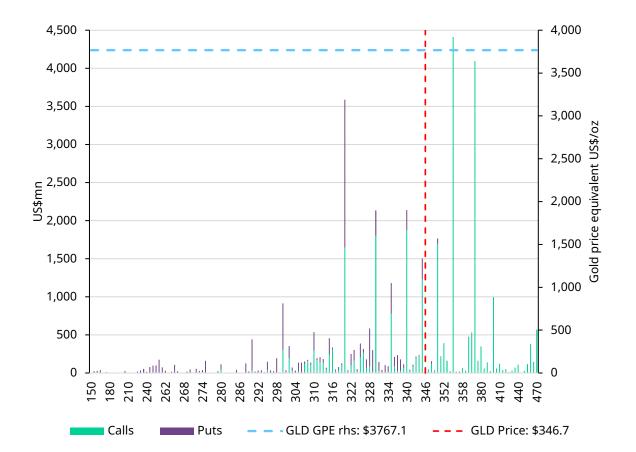
Туре			Net	delta adjusted notional (L	JS\$	mn)	
туре	Tickers	Country	Price	Current net $\Delta$ adj. notional	w/	w change	Expiry
	GLD	US	346.7	13,209.5	1	2,320.3	17-Oct-25
Ę	IGLN	UK	73.4	33.3	1	51.6	17-Oct-25
Option	IAU	US	71.0	124.5	1	13.2	17-Oct-25
0	SGOL	US	35.9	0.8	1	0.4	17-Oct-25
	OUNZ	US	36.3	0.6	1	0.4	17-Oct-25
Future	GCA	US	3,813.2	17,881.6	1	12,895.0	28-Oct-25
ъ	AUAA	CN	119.9	-4.4	1	4.5	27-Oct-25

### Key Takeaways:

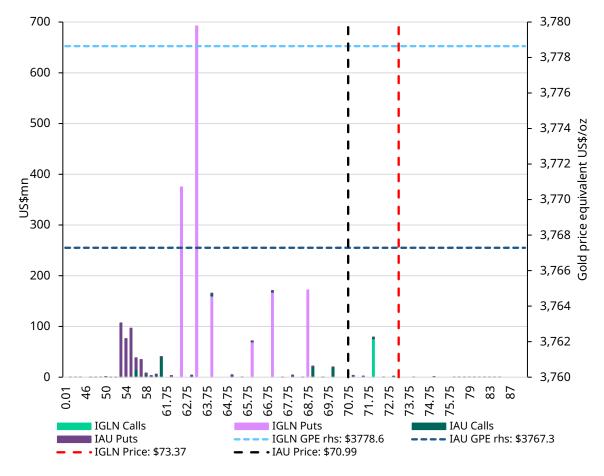
- ETF options positioning continued to build, with GLD +\$2.3bn, IGLN +\$52mn, and IAU +\$13mn, reinforcing steady demand for upside as gold advanced
- Options on futures were expiry-driven, with GCA +\$12.9bn and AUAA +\$4.5mn into expiries this week, underscoring active roll and positioning in the futures complex
- Volatility firmed, with 1M IV rising across ETFs and futures (e.g., GLD +1.9pts, IGLN +3.0pts, IAU +2.1pts, GCA +1.5pts, AUAA +3.9pts); 1M skew stayed mildly positive to higher, pointing to ongoing appetite for upside in gold.

## ETF Options: OI notional by strike

### GLD options: 17 October expiry

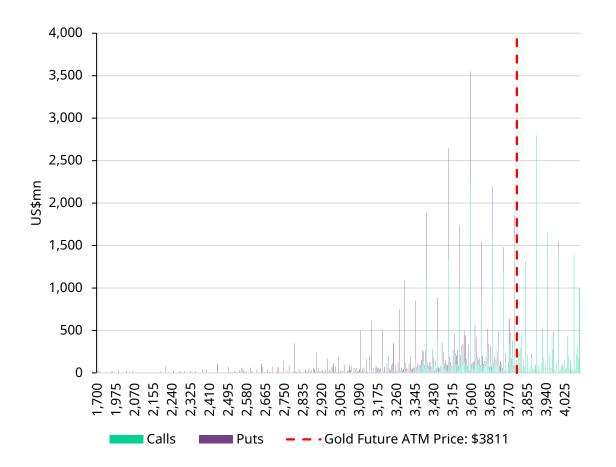


### IAU & IGLN options: 17 October expiry

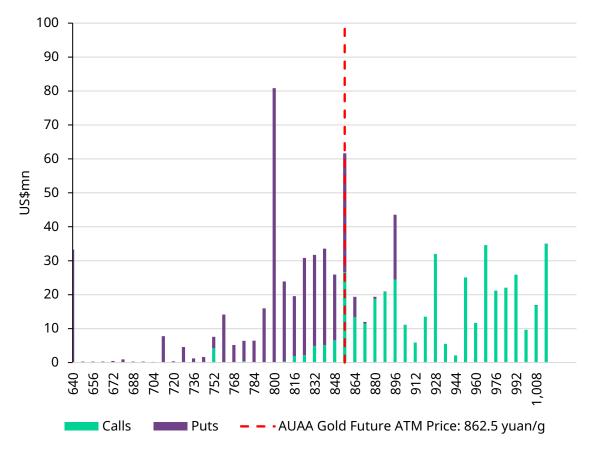


## Future Options: OI notional by strike

### GCA options: 28 October expiry

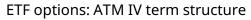


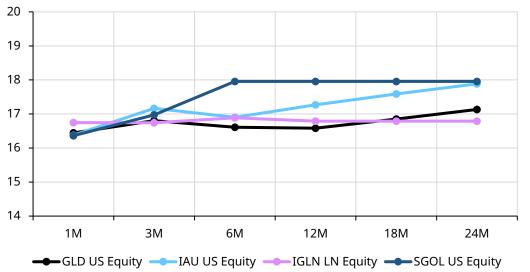
### AUAA options: 27 October expiry



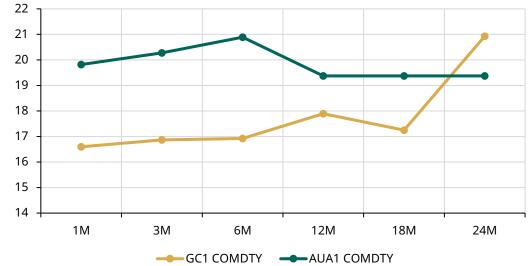
## Gold options volatility overview

Туре	Ticker	Country	Pi	rice Returns				ATM Implie	Realized Volatility						
Турс	Hokei	Country	Price (\$US)	5D %Δ	1M %∆	1M IV	1Μ Δ	1Y %-ile	3M IV	1Μ Δ	1Y %-ile	30D RVol	1Μ Δ	90D RVol	1Μ Δ
	GLD	US	346.7	2.2%	10.1%	16.44	1.9	69.7%	16.80	1.7	77.0%	12.44	-1.5	14.93	-4.1
L.	IAU	US	71.0	2.2%	10.1%	16.38	2.1	66.5%	17.17	2.0	78.2%	12.42	-1.4	14.85	-4.2
Option	SGOL	US	35.9	2.2%	10.1%	16.36	1.4	50.0%	16.97	1.5	64.9%	12.42	-1.4	14.87	-4.2
O	OUNZ	US	36.3	2.3%	10.1%	19.69	3.8	60.4%	17.70	0.5	35.8%	12.39	-1.4	14.83	-4.2
	IGLN	UK	73.4	3.0%	10.9%	16.75	3.0	71.7%	16.74	2.1	77.6%	11.79	0.1	14.28	-6.8
Future	GCA	US	3,811.0	1.0%	8.4%	16.60	1.5	71.8%	16.87	1.2	75.4%	13.11	-1.4	15.21	-4.8
Fut	AUAA	CN	119.9	2.8%	9.7%	19.82	3.9	48.8%	20.28	2.2	75.5%	9.69	1.2	10.35	-4.1



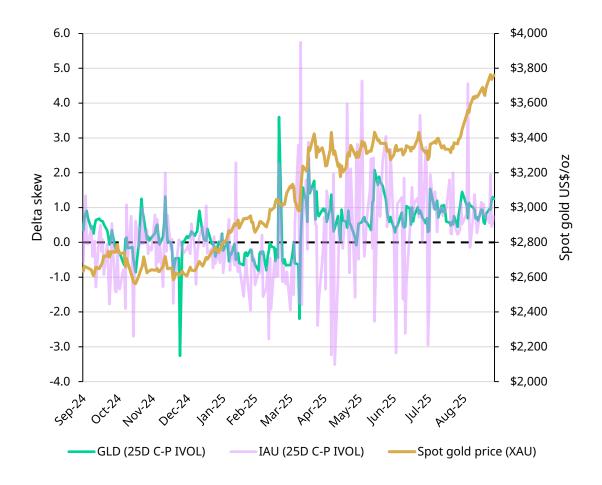


### Futures: ATM IV term structure

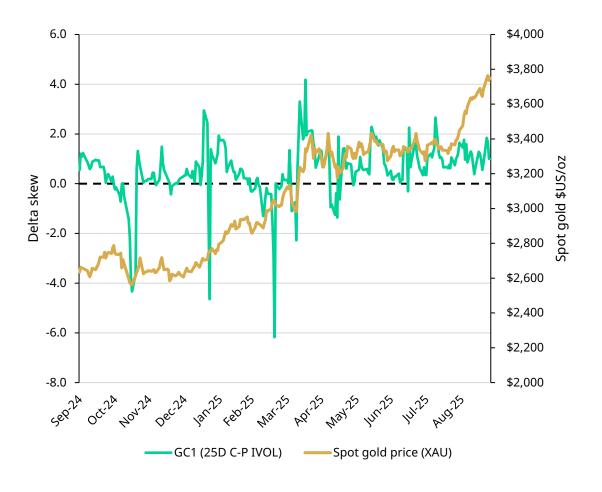


## Gold options delta skew

### GLD & IAU 1M Skew (25D C-P IVOL)



### GCA 1M Skew (25D C-P IVOL)





# Appendix 3 Glossary of Technical Analysis terms

## Technical Analysis Glossary

Advance/Decline Line	A popular type of Breadth Indicator (see below) which represents the cumulative number of individual stocks in a broader index that have risen during a session, against those in the index that have fallen.
Bar chart	A bar chart shows the open, close, low and high of the price of an instrument over a specific time-period. A vertical bar shows the low to high move, with the open a small horizontal bar to the left of the vertical line and with the close a small horizontal bar to the right.
Bollinger Bands	Shows bands that represent 2 standard deviations above and below a central move moving average, typically a 20 period average. The bands are expected to typically capture 95% of price action under normal conditions.
Breath Indicators	Breath indicators describe a range of indicators that aim to show the internal strength of a specific equity market index (see Advance/Decline line).
Candlestick chart	A method of representing open/high/low/close data, originally from Japan. The candlestick (or candle) is formed of a rectangle which represents the open to close move, called the real body, with this shaded different colours depending on whether a higher or lower close was seen for the session. The low and high are shown as vertical lines above and below the real body/rectangle.
Continuation Pattern	A pattern that indicates a consolidation phase which is a pause within the direction of the current prevailing trend.
Divergence	When two separate measures behave differently. For example, when a new high or low in price is not confirmed/matched by a corresponding new high or low in a momentum indicator, hence showing a divergence.
Double Top/Bottom	A Double Top is a type of Reversal Pattern (see below) formed during an uptrend when two price highs occur at approximately the same level. Completion of the pattern is signalled when the "neckline" to the pattern (see below) is broken. A Double Bottom is the exact opposite setup.
Fibonacci retracements	Horizontal lines that can indicate where support and resistance can potentially be found when a market retraces following a trending move. The percentage value shown is how much of the prior trend the price has retraced. The Fibonacci retracement levels typically shown are 23.6%, 38.2%, 50%, 61.8% and 78.6%.
Fibonacci projections	Horizontal lines that can indicate where support and resistance can potentially be found in the direction of the current trend. The percentage values are applied to the prior trending move, projected off the low/high of the subsequent corrective counter-trend move. The Fibonacci projection levels typically shown are 50%, 61.8%, 100%, 150% and 161.8%.

## Technical Analysis Glossary

Flag	A Flag pattern in a classic continuation pattern, characterised by a sharp rise or fall (the flagpole) followed by a short-lived counter-trend move (the flag). They are expected to be resolved in the direction of the prevailing trend.
Head & Shoulders Top/Bottor	<b>n</b> A Head & Shoulders price pattern is a classic trend reversal pattern that appears with three peaks, where the outside two are seen closer in height and the middle peak is the highest. Completion of the pattern is signalled when the "neckline" to the pattern is broken (see below).
Measured Objective	Most technical patterns, regardless of whether they are reversal or continuation patterns come with a "measured objective", which is typically based on the size or height of the pattern. The objective is a potential indication of where the price may move to after a pattern has been completed.
Momentum	Momentum is the rate of acceleration or velocity of the underlying instrument/security. It is thus the speed at which the price of the security is changing.
MACD	Moving Average Convergence Divergence (MACD) is a trend-following indicator, often also used as a momentum indicator. It shows the relationship between two exponential moving averages of a security's price, know as the MACD line, with an exponential average then taken off this line (the Signal line).
Moving Average	A classic statistical moving average of the underlying price data of the security to give a guide to the direction of the prevailing price trend. Different periodicities are used to define short-, medium- and long-term trends. Also used to identify potential areas of support and resistance.
Moving Average Envelope	Shows bands which represent the percentage distance from a selected moving average, which can be used to identify potential support and resistance.
Neckline	A trendline which marks the point where a reversal pattern is confirmed, typically found by connecting the lows/highs of the pattern.
OnBalanceVolume	A cumulative volume indicator constructed by comparing the amount of volume traded seen on positive sessions to those on negative sessions.
Overbought	An overbought condition occurs when a price rally has extended too far to fast and is seen unlikely to extend further and a pause is likely to be seen.
Oversold	An oversold condition occurs when a price decline has extended too far to fast and is seen unlikely to extend further and a pause is likely to be seen.
Pennant	A Pennant pattern is a type of continuation price pattern, formed when there is a sharp rise or fall (the flagpole), followed by a short consolidation period within converging trend lines, similar in shape to a small triangle (the pennant). They are expected to be resolved in the direction of the prevailing trend.



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